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European Technical Assessment

ETA-16/0055 of 16.10.2020

General part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik (OIB) **European Technical Assessment** Austrian Institute of Construction Engineering Trade name of the construction product RadiusHolz Product family to which the construction Solid wood slab elements to be used as structural product belongs elements in buildings Manufacturer Holzbau Unterrainer Schlaitenstraße 2 9951 Ainet Austria Manufacturing plant Holzbau Unterrainer Schlaitenstraße 2 9951 Ainet Austria **This European Technical Assessment** 16 pages including 4 Annexes which form an contains integral part of this assessment. **This European Technical Assessment** European Assessment Document (EAD) 130005-00-0304 "Solid wood slab element to be is issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of used as a structural element in buildings". **This European Technical Assessment** European Technical Assessment ETA-16/0055 of 15.03.2016. replaces



Remarks

Translations of this European Technical Assessment in other languages shall fully correspond to the original issued document and should be identified as such.

Communication of this European Technical Assessment, including transmission by electronic means, shall be in full. However, partial reproduction may be made with the written consent of Austrian Institute of Construction Engineering. Any partial reproduction has to be identified as such.

Specific parts

1 Technical description of the product

1.1 RadiusHolz

This European Technical Assessment (ETA)¹ applies to the cross laminated timber "RadiusHolz". RadiusHolz is made of softwood boards which are bonded together in order to form plane and curved cross laminated timber. Generally, adjacent layers of the softwood boards are arranged perpendicular (angle of 90°) to each other, see Annex 1, Figure 1.

The principle structure of the cross laminated timber is shown in Annex 1, Figure 1 to Figure 3. Surfaces are planned.

The solid wood slab elements consist of at least three and up to eleven adjacent layers which are arranged perpendicular to each other. With regard to the thickness of the cross laminated timber, thickness and orientation of individual layers are symmetrically assembled.

RadiusHolz and the boards for its manufacturing correspond to the specifications given in the Annexes 1 and 2. The material characteristics, dimensions and tolerances of RadiusHolz, not indicated in these Annexes, are given in the technical file² of the European Technical Assessment.

The application of wood preservatives and flame retardants is not subject of the European Technical Assessment.

1.2 Components

1.2.1 Boards

The specification of the boards is given in Annex 2, Table 2. Boards are visually or machine strength graded. Only technically dried wood shall be used.

Wood species is European spruce or equivalent softwood.

1.2.2 Adhesive

The adhesive for bonding RadiusHolz shall conform to EN 301 or EN 15425.

Normally, a PU adhesive is used.

¹ In 2016 ETA-16/0055 was firstly issued as European Technical Assessment ETA-16/0055 of 15.03.2016 and amended to ETA-16/0055 of 16.10.2020.

The technical file of the European Technical Assessment is deposited at Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik and, in so far as is relevant to the tasks of the notified product certification body involved in the assessment and verification of constancy of performance procedure, is handed over to the notified product certification body.



2 Specification of the intended use(s) in accordance with the applicable European Assessment Document (thereafter EAD)

2.1 Intended use

RadiusHolz is intended to be used as a structural or non-structural element in buildings and timber structures.

RadiusHolz shall be subjected to static and quasi static actions only.

RadiusHolz is intended to be used in service classes 1 and 2 according to EN 1995-1-1³. Members which are directly exposed to the weather shall be provided with an effective protection for the solid wood slab element in service.

2.2 General assumptions

RadiusHolz is manufactured in accordance with the provisions of the European Technical Assessment using the manufacturing process as identified in the inspection of the manufacturing plant by Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik and laid down in the technical file.

The manufacturer shall ensure that the requirements in accordance with the Clauses 1, 2 and 3 as well as with the Annexes of the European Technical Assessment are made known to those who are concerned with planning and execution of the works.

Layers of planed boards shall be bonded together to the required thickness of the cross laminated timber. The individual boards may be jointed in longitudinal direction by means of finger joints, according to EN 14080. There shall be no butt joints.

Adhesive shall be applied on one face of each board. The edges of the boards need not to be bonded.

<u>Design</u>

The European Technical Assessment only applies to the manufacture and use of cross laminated timber elements. Verification of stability of the works including application of loads on the products is not subject to the European Technical Assessment.

The following conditions shall be observed:

- Design of the cross laminated timber elements is carried out under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in such products.
- Design of the works shall account for the protection of the cross laminated timber elements.
- Cross laminated timber elements are installed correctly.

Design of the cross laminated timber elements can be according to EN 1995-1-1 and EN 1995-1-2, taking into account of Annexes 2 and 3 of the European Technical Assessment.

Standards and regulations in force at the place of use shall be considered.

Packaging, transport, storage, maintenance, replacement and repair

Concerning product packaging, transport, storage, maintenance, replacement and repair it is the responsibility of the manufacturer to undertake the appropriate measures and to advise his clients on the transport, storage, maintenance, replacement and repair of the product as he considers necessary.

Installation

It is assumed that the product will be installed according to the manufacturer's instructions or (in absence of such instructions) according to the usual practice of the building professionals.

Reference documents are listed in Annex 4.



2.3 Assumed working life

The provisions made in the European Technical Assessment (ETA) are based on an assumed intended working life of RadiusHolz of 50 years, when installed in the works, provided that the cross laminated timber elements are subject to appropriate installation, use and maintenance (see Clause 2.2). These provisions are based upon the current state of the art and the available knowledge and experience⁴.

The indications given as to the working life of the construction product cannot be interpreted as a guarantee neither given by the product manufacturer or his representative nor by EOTA nor by the Technical Assessment Body, but are regarded only as a means for choosing the appropriate products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

3 Performance of the product and reference to the methods used for its assessment

3.1 Essential characteristics of the product

Table 1: Essential characteristics of the product and product performance

Nº	Essential characteristic	Product performance	
	Basic Works Requirement 1: Mechanic	cal resistance and stability ¹⁾	
1	Bending ²⁾	Annex 2	
2	Tension and compression ²⁾	Annex 2	
3	Shear ²⁾	Annex 2	
4	Embedment strength	Annex 2	
5	Creep and duration of the load	Annex 2	
6	Dimensional stability	Annex 2	
7	In-service environment	Annex 2	
8	Bond integrity	Annex 2	
	Basic Works Requirement 2: S	Safety in case of fire	
9	Reaction to fire	Annex 2	
10	Resistance to fire	No performance assessed	
Basic Works Requirement 3: Hygiene, health and the environment			
11	Content, emission and/or release of dangerous substances	3.1.1	
12	Water vapour permeability – Water vapour transmission	Annex 2	
Basic Works Requirement 4: Safety and accessibility in use			
13	Impact resistance	Annex 2	
Basic Works Requirement 5: Protection		otection against noise	
14	Airborne sound insulation	No performance assessed	
15	Impact sound insulation	No performance assessed	
16	Sound absorption	No performance assessed	

The real working life of a product incorporated in a specific works depends on the environmental conditions to which that works is subject, as well as on the particular conditions of the design, execution, use and maintenance of that works. Therefore, it cannot be excluded that in certain cases the real working life of the product can also be shorter than the assumed working life.



Basic Works Requirement 6: Energy economy and heat retention			
17	Thermal conductivity	Annex 2	
18	Air permeability	No performance assessed	
19	Thermal inertia	Annex 2	
¹⁾ These characteristics also relate to BWR 4.			
²⁾ Load bearing capacity and stiffness regarding mechanical actions perpendicular to and in plane of the solid wood slab element.			

3.1.1 Hygiene, health and the environment

The release of dangerous substances is determined according to EAD 130005-00-0304, "Solid wood slab element to be used as a structural element in buildings". No dangerous substances is the performance of the RadiusHolz in this respect.

NOTE: In addition to the specific clauses relating to dangerous substances contained in the European Technical Assessment, there may be other requirements applicable to the products falling within its scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). In order to meet the provisions of the Construction Products Regulation, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.

3.2 Assessment methods

3.2.1 General

The assessment of the essential characteristics in Clause 3.1 of RadiusHolz for the intended use, and in relation to the requirements for mechanical resistance and stability, for safety in case of fire, for hygiene, health and the environment, for safety and accessibility in use and for energy economy and heat retention in use in the sense of the basic requirements for construction works Nº 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 of Regulation (EU) Nº 305/2011 has been made in accordance with the European Assessment Document EAD 130005-00-0304, Solid wood slab element to be used as a structural element in buildings.

3.2.2 Identification

The European Technical Assessment for RadiusHolz is issued on the basis of agreed data that identify the assessed product. Changes to materials, to composition, to characteristics of the product, or to the production process could result in these deposited data being incorrect. Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik should be notified before the changes are implemented, as an amendment of the European Technical Assessment is possibly necessary.



4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (thereafter AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

4.1 System of assessment and verification of constancy of performance

According to Commission Decision 97/176/EC the system of assessment and verification of constancy of performance to be applied to RadiusHolz is System 1. System 1 is detailed in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) № 568/2014 of 18 February 2014, Annex, 1.2., and provides for the following items

- (a) The manufacturer shall carry out
 - (i) factory production control;
 - (ii) further testing of samples taken at the manufacturing plant by the manufacturer in accordance with a prescribed test plan⁵;
- (b) The notified product certification body shall decide on the issuing, restriction, suspension or withdrawal of the certificate of constancy of performance of the construction product on the basis of the outcome of the following assessments and verifications carried out by that body:
 - an assessment of the performance of the construction product carried out on the basis of testing (including sampling), calculation, tabulated values or descriptive documentation of the product;
 - (ii) initial inspection of the manufacturing plant and of factory production control;
 - (iii) continuous surveillance, assessment and evaluation of factory production control.

4.2 AVCP for construction products for which a European Technical Assessment has been issued

Notified bodies undertaking tasks under System 1 shall consider the European Technical Assessment issued for the construction product in question as the assessment of the performance of that product. Notified bodies shall therefore not undertake the tasks referred to in point 4.1 (b)(i).

5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable European Assessment Document

5.1 Tasks for the manufacturer

5.1.1 Factory production control

In the manufacturing plant the manufacturer shall establish and continuously maintain a factory production control. All procedures and specification adopted by the manufacturer shall be documented in a systematic manner. The factory production control shall ensure the constancy of performances of RadiusHolz with regard to the essential characteristics.

The manufacturer shall only use raw materials supplied with the relevant inspection documents as laid down in the control plan. The incoming raw materials shall be subject to controls by the manufacturer before acceptance. Check of incoming materials shall include control of inspection documents presented by the manufacturer of the raw materials.

The frequencies of controls conducted during manufacturing and on the assembled product are defined by taking account of the manufacturing process of the product and are laid down in the control plan.

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⁵ The prescribed test plan has been deposited with Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik and is handed over only to the notified product certification body involved in the procedure for the assessment and verification of constancy of performance. The prescribed test plan is also referred to as control plan.



The results of factory production control are recorded and evaluated. The records include at least the following data:

- Designation of the product, basic materials and components
- Type of control or test
- Date of manufacture of the product and date of testing of the product or basic materials or components
- Results of controls and tests and, if appropriate, comparison with requirements
- Name and signature of person responsible for factory production control

The records shall be kept at least for ten years time after the construction product has been placed on the market and shall be presented to the notified product certification body involved in continuous surveillance. On request they shall be presented to Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik.

5.1.2 Declaration of performance

The manufacturer is responsible for preparing the declaration of performance. When all the criteria of the assessment and verification of constancy of performance are met, including the certificate of conformity issued by the notified product certification body, the manufacturer shall draw up a declaration of performance.

5.2 Tasks for the notified product certification body

5.2.1 Initial inspection of the manufacturing plant and of factory production control

The notified product certification body shall verify the ability of the manufacturer for a continuous and orderly manufacturing of RadiusHolz according to the European Technical Assessment. In particular the following items shall be appropriately considered

- Personnel and equipment
- The suitability of the factory production control established by the manufacturer
- Full implementation of the control plan
- 5.2.2 Continuous surveillance, assessment and evaluation of factory production control

The notified product certification body shall visit the factory at least once a year for routine inspection. In particular the following items shall be appropriately considered

- The manufacturing process including personnel and equipment
- The factory production control
- The implementation of the control plan

The results of continuous surveillance are made available on demand by the notified product certification body to Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik. When the provisions of the European Technical Assessment and the control plan are no longer fulfilled, the certificate of constancy of performance is withdrawn by the notified product certification body.

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The original document is signed by:

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Managing Director











Table 2: Dimensions and specifications				
Characteristic		Dimension / Specification		
Cross laminated timber				
Thickness	mm	45 to 340		
Width	m	≤ 3 .0		
Length	m	≤ 15.0		
Number of layers		3 to 11 symmetric assembly		
Maximum width of joints between boards within one layer	mm	3		
Воа	ard			
Surface	_	planed		
Thickness (planed dimension)	mm	15 to 40		
Maximum finished thickness for curved cross laminated timber	mm	$t \ge \frac{r}{250} \left(1 + \frac{f_{m,j,k}}{80} \right) $ 1)		
Width	mm	80 to 180		
Ratio width to thickness		≥ 4 : 1		
Boards shall be graded with suitable visual and/or machine procedures to be able to assign them to a strength class according to EN 338.		\geq 90 % C24 ²⁾ \leq 10 % C18 ²⁾		
Moisture of wood according to EN 13183-2	%	8 to 15 % Within one member of cross laminated timber the moisture conter shall not differ by more than 5 %.		
Finger joints		EN 14080		
¹⁾ <i>r</i> radius of the board with the smallest radius in mm $f_{m, j, k}$ declared characteristic bending strength of the finger joints in MPa ²⁾ or equivalent T-classes according to EN 14080				
RadiusHolz	Anne	x 2		



BR	Essential characteristic		Method of verification	Level / Descr	Class / ription		
1	Mechanical resistance and stability						
	1. Mechanical actions perpendicular to cross laminated timber						
	Strength class of boards	EN 338		see Table 2			
	Modulus of elasticity			curved	plane		
	- parallel to the grain of the boards $E_{0, mean}$	<i>I_{eff}</i> , Annex 3 EAD 130005-00-0304, 2.2.1.1		10 200 MPa ¹⁾	11 500 MPa		
	- perpendicular to the grain of the boards $E_{90, mean}$	EN 3	338	370	MPa		
	Shear modulus						
	 parallel to the grain of the boards <i>G090, mean</i> 	allel to the grain of the boards EN 338		690	MPa		
	 perpendicular to the grain of the boards (rolling shear modulus) <i>G</i>_{9090, mean} 	EAD 130005-00-0304, 2.2.1.1		50 MPa			
	Bending strength						
	- parallel to the grain of the boards $f_{m, k}$	<i>W_{eff}</i> , Annex 3 EAD 130005-00-0304, 2.2.1.1		1/ <i>k_{sys}</i> · 26	6.4 MPa ²⁾		
	Tensile strength	th lar to the grain of the EN 338, reduced					
	- perpendicular to the grain of the boards $f_{t, 90, k}$			0.15	MPa		
	Compressive strength						
	 perpendicular to the grain of the boards <i>f_c</i>, <i>90</i>, <i>k</i> 	EN 338 <i>A</i> _{gross} , Annex 3 EAD 130005-00-0304, 2.2.1.3		2.5	MPa		
	Shear strength						
	 parallel to the grain of the boards <i>f_v</i>, 090, <i>k</i> perpendicular to the grain of the 			2.3	MPa		
	boards (rolling shear strength) $f_{v, 9090, k}$			1.10	MPa		
IOTI	E 1) 1 MPa = 1 N/mm ² 2) $k_{sys} = \max\begin{cases} 1,1-0,025 \cdot n \\ 1 \end{cases}$	n number of		boards within cov	er layer		
	RadiusHolz		Annex 2				

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	Essential characteristic	Method of verification	Level / Descr	Class / iption	
	Nechanical resistance and stability				
	2. Mechanical actions in plane of c	ross laminated timber			
	Strength class of boards	EN 338	see T	able 2	
	Modulus of elasticity		curved	plane	
	- parallel to the grain of the boards $E_{0, mean}$	<i>A_{net}</i> , <i>I_{net}</i> , Annex 3 EAD 130005-00-0304, 2.2.1.1	10 200 MPa	11 500 MPa	
	Shear modulus		curved	plane	
	- parallel to the grain of the boards $G_{090, mean}$	A _{net} , Annex 3 EAD 130005-00-0304, 2.2.1.3	570 MPa	690 MPa	
	Bending strength				
	- parallel to the grain of the boards $f_{m, k}$	<i>W_{net}</i> , Annex 3 EAD 130005-00-0304, 2.2.1.1	24 1	ИРа	
	Tensile strength				
	- parallel to the grain of the boards $f_{t, 0, k}$	EN 338	14 1	ИРа	
	Compressive strength				
	- parallel to the grain of the boards $f_{c, 0, k}$	EN 338	21 1	ИРа	
	Shear strength				
	- parallel to the grain of the boards $f_{v, 090, k}$	A _{net} , Annex 3 EAD 130005-00-0304, 2.2.1.3	2.7	MPa	
3. Other mechanical actions Creep and duration of load k _{mod} and k _{def} according to EN 199 laminated timber		· · ·			
		g to EN 1995-	1-1 for glued		
	Dimensional stability				
	Moisture content during service sh deformation will occur.	nall not change to suc	h an extend	that adverse	
	Fasteners	EN 1995-1-1, the direct layer shall be taken as r	ction of grain eference	of the cover	

RadiusHolz	Annex 2
Characteristic data of cross laminated timber	of European Technical Assessment ETA-16/0055 of 16.10.2020



BR	Essential characteristic	Method of verification	Level / Class / Description
	In-service environment		
	Durability of timber	EN 1995-1-1	
	Service classes		1 and 2
	Bond integrity	EAD 130005-00-0304	Pass
2	Reaction to fire		
	Glued laminated timber products	Commission Decision 2005/610/EC	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Mean density of wood} \\ \geq 380 \mbox{ kg/m}^3 \end{array}$
			Euroclass D-s2, d0
3	3 Hygiene, health and environment		
	Vapour permeability, μ , of timber	EN ISO 10456	50 (dry) to 20 (wet)
4	4 Safety and accessibility in use		
	Impact resistance	Soft body resistance is assumed to be fulfilled fo walls with a minimum of 3 layers and minimum thickness of 60 mm.	
6	6 Energy economy and heat retention		
	Thermal conductivity, λ	EN ISO 10456	0.12 W/(m·K)
	Thermal inertia, specific heat capacity c_p	EN ISO 10456	1600 J/(kg·K)

RadiusHolz	Annex 2
Characteristic data of cross laminated timber	of European Technical Assessment ETA-16/0055 of 16.10.2020



Mechanical actions perpendicular to plane and in plane of cross laminated timber

<u>General</u>

Due to the perpendicular orientation of the boards, cross laminated timber is able to transfer loads in all directions according to its condition of support. For cross laminated timber multi-axle stressed in both principal directions, different stiffness for the two principal directions shall be considered.

For calculation of the characteristic values of the cross-section, only boards which are oriented in direction of the mechanical action may be employed.

For design of cross laminated timber according to EN 1995-1-1, characteristic strength and stiffness of solid wood according to Annex 2 shall be taken.

For curved elements the verification of the bending stress as well as interaction of transverse stress and shear shall be performed according to EN 1995-1-1, 6.4.3.

Mechanical actions perpendicular to cross laminated timber



The bending stiffness is specified in relation to the effective moment of inertia I_{eff} . The calculation of the effective moment of inertia and therewith of the effective bending stiffness is according to EN 1995-1-1.

For I_{eff} see clause 9.1.3 and Annex B of EN 1995-1-1.

The term $\frac{S_i}{K_i}$ of EN 1995-1-1 should be substituted	by $rac{t_i}{G_{9090} \cdot b}$.
$I_i = \frac{b \cdot t_i^{\beta}}{12}$	$W_{eff} = rac{2 \cdot I_{eff}}{t_{tot}}$
$A_i = b \cdot t_i$	$h_{tot} = \sum_{i} (t_i + \bar{t_i})$
$\tau_{v, d} = \frac{1.5 \cdot V_d}{A_{gross}}$	A_{gross} = $b \cdot t_{tot}$

Where

I.....moment of inertia

I eff...... effective moment of inertia

s.....spacing of fasteners according to EN 1995-1-1 (not relevant for solid wood slab)

K.....slip modulus according to EN 1995-1-1 (not relevant for solid wood slab)

 G_{9090} shear modulus of the board perpendicular to grain *(rolling shear modulus)*; $G_{9090} = 50$ MPa *b*...... width of the member of cross laminated timber

RadiusHolz	Annex 3
Design considerations for cross laminated timber	of European Technical Assessment ETA-16/0055 of 16.10.2020



Mechanical actions in plane of the solid wood slab



 $H \le 400 \text{ mm}$ $t_i \dots \text{Thickness of board layers in direction of}$ mechanical actions $\overline{t_i} \dots \text{Thickness of board layers perpendicular to}$ direction of mechanical actionsV

Under the terms of the technical beam theory, the following equations may be used.

Moment of inertia

 $I_{net} = \frac{T \cdot H^3}{12}$ Shear stress

$$\tau_{v, d} = \text{Maximum} \begin{cases} \frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{V_d}{A_{x, net}} \\ \frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{V_d}{A_{z, net}} \end{cases}$$

Section modulus

$$W_{net} = \frac{T \cdot H^2}{6}$$

$$A_{x, net} = H \cdot \sum_{i} \overline{t_i}$$
$$A_{z, net} = H \cdot \sum_{i} t_i$$

RadiusHolz	Annex 3
Design considerations for cross laminated timber	of European Technical Assessment ETA-16/0055 of 16.10.2020



European Assessment Document EAD 130005-00-0304 "Solid wood slab element to be used as a structural element in buildings"

EN 301 (11.2017), Adhesives, phenolic and aminoplastic, for load-bearing timber structures – Classification and performance requirements

EN 338 (04.2016), Structural timber – Strength classes

EN 1995-1-1 (11.2004), +AC (06.2006), +A1 (06.2008), +A2 (05.2014), Eurocode 5 – Design of timber structures – Part 1-1: General – Common rules and rules for buildings

EN 1995-1-2 (11.2004), +AC (06.2006), +AC (03.2009), Eurocode 5 – Design of timber structures – Part 1-2: General – Structural fire design

EN 13183-2 (04.2002), Moisture content of a piece of sawn timber –Part 2: Estimation by electrical resistance method

EN 14080 (06.2013), Timber structures – Glued laminated timber and glued solid timber – Requirements

EN 15425 (01.2017), Adhesives – One component polyurethane for load bearing timber structures – Classification and performance requirements

EN ISO 10456 (12.2007), +AC (12.2009), Building materials and products – Hygrothermal properties – Tabulated design values and procedures for determining declared and design thermal values

RadiusHolz	Annex 4
Reference documents	of European Technical Assessment ETA-16/0055 of 16.10.2020